

We claim:

- 1 1. ~~A method of format detection for information received over a communication~~  
 2 system, the method comprising the step of:  
 3 determining the format of the received information by decoding received  
 4 information extracted from a defined guiding channel whereby information size values  
 5 obtained from a defined list of size values for the guiding channel is used in the  
 6 decoding.
- 1 2. The method of claim 1 where the step of determining the format comprises the  
 2 steps of:  
 3 providing a lookup table to store the information size values of the guiding  
 4 channel and corresponding information size values of other channels of the  
 5 communication system;  
 6 extracting received information from the other communication channels;  
 7 performing decoding operations on the extracted guiding channel information M  
 8 times where M is an integer that represents a total number of information size values  
 9 stored in the list;  
 10 deciding which of the M decoding operations resulted in a correct decode; and  
 11 determining the format of the received information from the information size  
 12 value of the guiding channel that yielded the correct decode.
- 1 3. The method of claim 2 where the step of deciding which of the M decoding  
 2 operations resulted in a correct decode comprises the steps of:  
 3 performing at least one decode operation on the extracted guiding channel  
 4 information yielding at least one decode result; and  
 5 applying the at least one decode result to an algorithm for deciding whether  
 6 there is a correct decode and which information size value yielded such correct  
 7 decode.
- 1 4. The method of claim 3 where the communication system is a 3GPP compliant  
 2 UMTS where the guiding channel is TrCh1 and the decoding operations comprise

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convolutional decoding yielding a result on which a tail bit test and CRC decoding are performed whereby each such operation is performed M times.

5. The method of claim 4 where the format being determined are transport formats of TrCh2 and TrCh3 based on a format detected for TrCh1.

6. The method of claim 4 where the decoding operations yield decoding results that are used in the algorithm to decide the correct decode where the CRC decoding for the  $i^{\text{th}}$  operation yields a value  $C_i$ , and the tail bit test yields values  $T_i$  and  $K_i$  where  $i$  is any integer equal to M or less and whereby

- (a)  $C_i = 1$  indicates a CRC pass;
- (b)  $C_i = 0$  indicates a CRC fail;
- (c)  $T_i$  is an integer value that represent a total number of "1" bits occurring in the tail bits of the convolutional decoding result and further,  $T_0$  is a defined threshold value that is an integer equal to 1 or greater.
- (d)  $K_i = 1$  indicates a tail bit test pass condition where  $T_i \leq T_0$ ; and
- (e)  $K_i = 0$  indicates a tail bit test fail;

7. The method of claim 6 where a correct decode is declared when any one of the following conditions occurs from one of the M decoding operations:

- (a) only one of the decoding operations yielded in a CRC pass;
- (b) none of the decoding operations yielded a CRC pass, and of these, only one passed the tail bit test;
- (c) none of the decoding operations yielded a CRC pass, but more than one passed the tail bit test, and of these, only one satisfies the condition  $T_i = T_0$ ;
- (d) none of the decoding operations yielded a CRC pass, but more than one passed the tail bit test, and of these, only one satisfies the condition  $T_i < T_0$ ;
- (e) More than one decoding operation yielded a CRC pass, but none passed the tail bit test, and of these, only one satisfies the condition  $T_i = T_0 + 1$ ;
- (f) More than one decoding operation yielded a CRC pass and passed the tail bit test, but only one of these satisfy the condition  $T_i < T_0$ ;

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- 14 (g) More than one decoding operation yielded a CRC pass, and of these, only one  
 15 passed the tail bit test; and  
 16 (h) More than one decoding operation yielded a CRC pass and passed the tail bit  
 17 test, but only one satisfies the condition  $T_i = T_0$ .

- 1 8. The method of claim 6 where a BTFD failure is declared when any one of the  
 2 following sets of values or conditions occur from at least one of the M decoding  
 3 operations:  
 4 (a) none of the M decoding operations yielded either a CRC pass or a tail bit test  
 5 pass result;  
 6 (b) none of the M decoding operations yielded a CRC pass, but more than one  
 7 passed the tail bit test and none of these satisfy the condition  $T_i = T_0$  condition;  
 8 (c) none of the M decoding operations yielded a CRC pass but more than one  
 9 passed the tail bit test, and of these, more than one decoding operation yielded  
 10 the values  $C_i = 0$ ;  $K_i = 1$ ;  $T_i = T_0$ ;  
 11 (d) none of the M decoding operations yielded a CRC pass, but more than one  
 12 passed the tail bit test, and of these, more than one yielded values of  $C_i = 0$ ;  
 13  $K_i = 1$ ;  $T_i < T_0$ ;  
 14 (e) more than one of the M decoding operations yielded a CRC pass, but none  
 15 passed the tail bit test, and of these, none satisfy the condition  $T_i = T_0 + 1$ ;  
 16 (f) more than one of the M decoding operations yielded a CRC pass, but none  
 17 passed the tail bit test, and of these, more than one yielded the values  $C_i = 1$ ;  
 18  $K_i = 1$ ;  $T_i = T_0 + 1$ ;  
 19 (g) more than one of the M decoding operations yielded values of  $C_i = 1$ ;  $K_i = 1$ ;  
 20  $T_i < T_0$ ;  
 21 (h) more than one of the decoding operations yielded a CRC pass and a tail bit  
 22 pass result, and of these, none satisfy the conditions  $T_i < T_0$  or  $T_i = T_0$ ; and  
 23 (i) more than one of the decoding operations yielded a CRC pass and a tail bit  
 24 test pass result, and of these, more than one yielded values of  $C_i = 1$ ;  $K_i = 1$ ;  
 25  $T_i = T_0$ .

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